Overview

- What constitutes a "virtual environment"?
- What problems demand a virtual environment interface?
- What are the important issues in designing and building virtual environment interfaces?

Introduction to Virtual Environment Technology Introduction

Virtual Environment Definitions

Why is this important?

- A Computer-Generated, 3D Spatial Environment in Which Users Can Participate in Real-time
- Virtual Environments Can Be
 - Fully Immersive, Encompassing Worlds
 - Augmentations (Overlay) to the Real World
 - "Through the Window" Worlds (Non-immersive)
- Many names for the same thing
 - Artificial reality, Cyberspace, Virtual Reality, Virtual Worlds, Virtual Environments, Synthetic Environments

Telepresence

There are two kinds of telepresence:

- Real-time telepresence:
 - A visual virtual world that you interact with. Interactions are reflected in the movement of some
 real world object. i.e. a DataGlove being moved to
 control a robot hand that moves at the same time.
- Delayed telepresence:
 - A visual virtual, world that you interact with while recording the interactions.
 - When you are satisfied with the results, play the interactions across your communications delay.

What is "immersion"?

- What is "presence"?
- Is this an important distinction or is human performance the only relevant evaluation criteria?
 - Depends on whether or not "presence" can be quantified and related to performance

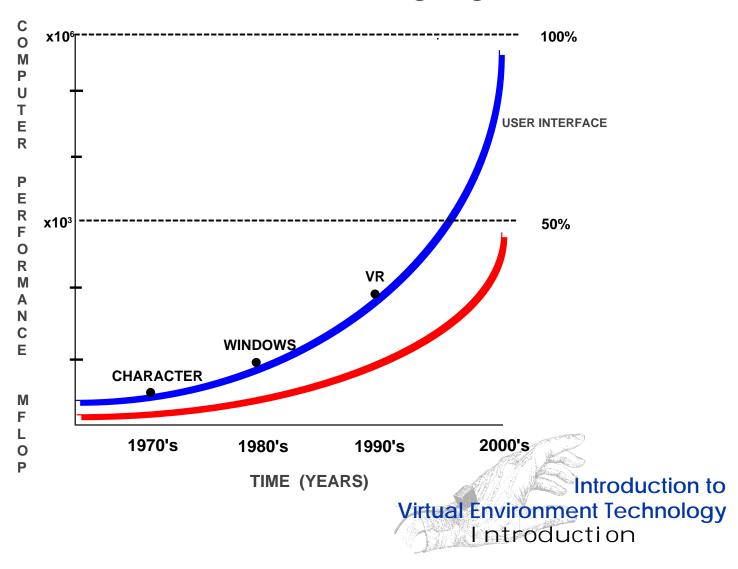
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Why an immersive interface?

- The environment encompasses large virtual spaces
- A large number of parameters are to be manipulated by the operator
- Tasks are of a hands-busy nature
- Perspective is important



Times are changing



Where did all the hype come from?



